Program: BE Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering

Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016

Examination: Final Year Semester VII

Course Code: ECCDLO7031 and Course Name: Neural Networks and Fuzzy Logic

Time: 1hour Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

LO1 T1.	
	e cell body of neuron can be analogous to what mathematical operation?
1	mmer
	fferentiator
	egrator
Option D: Sub	btractor
	e process of adjusting the weight is known as?
Option A: Act	tivation
Option B: Syr	nchronization
Option C: Lea	arning
Option D: Thr	resholding
Q3. In s	supervised learning
Option A: Tar	rget vectors are known
Option B: Tar	rget vectors can be partially known
Option C: Tar	rget vectors are not known
Option D: Son	metimes known and sometimes not known
Q4. A p	positive weight corresponds to synapse
Option A: Add	ditive
Option B: Inte	egral
Option C: Exc	citatory
Option D: Inh	iibitory
Q5. Wh	nat kind of learning is involved in pattern clustering task?
Option A: Sup	pervised
	supervised
Option C: Lea	arning with critic
Option D: Hel	bb Learning
Q6. Hov	w are input layer units connected to second layer in competitive learning
	works?
Option A: Fee	ed forward manner

Option B:	Feedback manner
Option C:	Feed forward and feedback
Option D:	Recurrent manner
Q7.	What is classification?
Option A:	Deciding what features to use in a pattern recognition problem
Option B:	Deciding what class an input pattern belongs to
Option C:	Deciding what type of neural network to use
Option D:	Deciding the type of learning network
Q8.	In a two input and single output MP neuron with binary activation function, if
	weight w1=1, w2=1 and Threshold is 2, this network will act as
Option A:	AND gate
Option B:	OR Gate
Option C:	NOT gate
Option D:	EX OR Gate
Q9.	Which of the following neural networks would you use for time series
	prediction, e.g., weather forecasting?
Option A:	Simple recurrent network
Option B:	Self-organizing feature map
Option C:	The Hopfield network.
Option D:	A multi-layer feed forward network
1	
Q10.	A perceptron with bipolar activation has input weights $w_1 = -3.9$, $w_2 = 1.1$, and
Q10.	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 =$
	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$?
Option A:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$?
Option A: Option B:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3
Option A: Option B: Option C:	b=0 with threshold value $T=0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1=1.3$ and $x_2=2.2$? -2.65 -2.3 -1
Option A: Option B:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3
Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3 -1
Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11.	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks?
Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11. Option A:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks? Adaptive linear neuron
Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11. Option A: Option B:	b=0 with threshold value $T = 0.3$. What output does it give for the inputs $x_1 = 1.3$ and $x_2 = 2.2$? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks? Adaptive linear neuron Automatic linear neuron
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Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q12. Option A:	b=0 with threshold value T = 0.3. What output does it give for the inputs x ₁ = 1.3 and x ₂ = 2.2? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks? Adaptive linear neuron Automatic linear neuron Adaptive line element Automatic line element Widrow & hoff learning law is special case of Hebb learning law
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Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q12. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D:	b=0 with threshold value T = 0.3. What output does it give for the inputs x ₁ = 1.3 and x ₂ = 2.2? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks? Adaptive linear neuron Automatic linear neuron Adaptive line element Automatic line element Widrow & hoff learning law is special case of Hebb learning law Perceptron learning law Delta learning law Instar Law
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Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q11. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q12. Option A: Option B: Option C: Option D: Q13.	b=0 with threshold value T = 0.3. What output does it give for the inputs x ₁ = 1.3 and x ₂ = 2.2? -2.65 -2.3 -1 1 What is Adeline in neural networks? Adaptive linear neuron Automatic linear neuron Adaptive line element Automatic line element Widrow & hoff learning law is special case of Hebb learning law Perceptron learning law Delta learning law Instar Law On what factor the number of output neurons depends?

Option D:	Threshold
Q14.	Signal transmission at synapse is a
Option A:	Physical process
Option B:	Chemical process
Option C:	Physical & chemical both
Option D:	Electrical process
1	•
Q15.	For a 3 input neuron and one output neuron architecture, the weights are given
	by (0.1, 0.3,-0.2), Inputs are given by (0.8, 0.6, 0.4) and the bias is 0.35.
	Calculate the output using binary sigmoidal function
Option A:	0.0625
Option B:	0.625
Option C:	0.259
Option D:	0.0259
Q16.	The Cardinality of fuzzy relation is
Option A:	0
Option B:	1
Option C:	-1
Option D:	Infinity
Q17.	Fuzzy lambda cut is based on
Option A:	Zadeh Notation
Option B:	Tsukomoto Principle
Option C:	Mamdani Principle
Option D:	Sugeno Principle
Q18.	The boundary element of a fuzzy membership function has
Option A:	Complete membership
Option B:	Partial Membership
Option C:	Non Zero Membership
Option D:	Abnormal membership
Q19.	Two dimensions of fuzzy relations are given by 3 x 4 and 3 x 4. The dimension
	of max min composition of R and S is given by
Option A:	2 x 2
Option B:	2 x 3
Option C:	3 x 3
Option D:	Composition not possible
Q20.	If A and B are two fuzzy sets with membership functions: $\mu_a(\chi) = \{0.1, 0.2, 0.2, 1\}$
	μ
Option A:	$\{0.2,0.3,0.4,1\}$
Option B:	{0.3,0.5,0.6,1}
Option C:	{0.28,0.44,0.52,1}
Option D:	{0.02,0.06,0.08,0.5}

Q21.	The fuzzy membership functions cannot be represented with
Option A:	Triangular membership
Option B:	Trapezoidal membership
Option C:	Gaussian membership
Option D:	Circular membership
Q22.	A fuzzy tolerance relation can be converted into fuzzy equivalence relation using
Option A:	AND
Option B:	OR
Option C:	Composition
Option D:	Cartesian product
Q23.	The bounded sum operation on fuzzy sets A and B is represented as
Option A:	$\min[1,\mu A(x)+\mu B(x)]$
Option B:	$\min[1,\mu A(x)-\mu B(x)]$
Option C:	$\max[1,\mu A(x)+\mu B(x)]$
Option D:	$\max[1,\mu A(x)-\mu B(x)]$
Q24.	For standard fuzzy intersection, which of the following hold?
Option A:	$\mu(a,b)=\min(\mu_a,\mu_b)$
Option B:	$\mu(a,b)=\max(\mu_a, \mu_b)$
Option C:	$\mu(a,b) = \mu_a - \mu_b$
Option D:	$\mu(a,b) = \mu_a + \mu_b$
Q25.	In this method of defuzzification the intersecting areas are added twice
Option A:	Weighted average
Option B:	Center of Sums
Option C:	Centroid
Option D:	Center of largest area