

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Bachelor of Engineering

in

Computer Engineering

Second Year with Effect from AY 2020-21

Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-22

Final Year with Effect from AY 2022-23

(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**Syllabus for Approval**

Date

| Sr. No. | Heading | Particulars |
|---------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Title of the Course | Second Year B.E. Computer Engineering |
| 2 | Eligibility for Admission | After Passing First Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6242 |
| 3 | Passing Marks | 40% |
| 4 | Ordinances / Regulations (if any) | Ordinance 0.6242 |
| 5 | No. of Years / Semesters | 8 semesters |
| 6 | Level | P.G. / U.G./Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable) |
| 7 | Pattern | Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable) |
| 8 | Status | New / Revised (Strike out which is not applicable) |
| 9 | To be implemented from Academic Year | With effect from Academic Year: 2020-2021 |

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Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering) of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2020-21. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2021-22, 2022-23, respectively.

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Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from NPTEL/ Swayam Platform

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

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Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Second Year Computer Engineering syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2020-21 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting and challenging.

Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students hence there is a continuous requirement of revision of syllabus. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquainted with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
2. Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
3. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Prof. Sunil Bhirud : Chairman

Prof. Madhumita Chatterjee : Member

Prof. Sunita Patil : Member

Prof. Leena Raga : Member

Prof. Subhash Shinde : Member

Prof. Meera Narvekar : Member

Prof. Suprtim Biswas : Member

Prof. Sudhir Sawarkar : Member

Prof. Dayanand Ingle : Member

Prof. Satish Ket : Member

Program Structure for Second Year Computer Engineering
UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2020-2021)
Semester III

| Course Code | Course Name | Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours) | | | Credits Assigned | | | | |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | | Theory | Pract. | Tut. | Theory | Pract. | Tut. | Total | |
| CSC301 | Engineering Mathematics-III | 3 | -- | 1* | 3 | -- | 1 | 4 | |
| CSC302 | Discrete Structures and Graph Theory | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | |
| CSC303 | Data Structure | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | |
| CSC304 | Digital Logic & Computer Architecture | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | |
| CSC305 | Computer Graphics | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | -- | -- | 3 | |
| CSL301 | Data Structure Lab | -- | 2 | -- | -- | 1 | -- | 1 | |
| CSL302 | Digital Logic & Computer Architecture Lab | -- | 2 | -- | -- | 1 | -- | 1 | |
| CSL303 | Computer Graphics Lab | -- | 2 | -- | -- | 1 | -- | 1 | |
| CSL304 | Skill base Lab course: Object Oriented Programming with Java | -- | 2+2* | -- | -- | 2 | -- | 2 | |
| CSM301 | Mini Project – 1 A | -- | 4 ^{\$} | -- | -- | 2 | -- | 2 | |
| Total | | 15 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 07 | 1 | 23 | |
| Course Code | Course Name | Examination Scheme | | | | | | | |
| | | Theory | | | | | Term Work | Pract & oral | Total |
| | | Internal Assessment | | | End Sem. Exam | Exam. Duration (in Hrs) | | | |
| | | Test 1 | Test2 | Avg | | | | | |
| CSC301 | Engineering Mathematics-III | 20 | 20 | 20 | 80 | 3 | 25 | -- | 125 |
| CSC302 | Discrete Structures and Graph Theory | 20 | 20 | 20 | 80 | 3 | -- | -- | 100 |
| CSC303 | Data Structure | 20 | 20 | 20 | 80 | 3 | -- | -- | 100 |
| CSC304 | Digital Logic & Computer Architecture | 20 | 20 | 20 | 80 | 3 | -- | -- | 100 |
| CSC305 | Computer Graphics | 20 | 20 | 20 | 80 | 3 | -- | -- | 100 |
| CSL301 | Data Structure Lab | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 25 | 25 | 50 |
| CSL302 | Digital Logic & Computer Architecture Lab | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 25 | -- | 25 |
| CSL303 | Computer Graphics Lab | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 25 | 25 | 50 |
| CSL304 | Skill base Lab course: Object Oriented Programming with Java | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 50 | 25 | 75 |
| CSM301 | Mini Project – 1 A | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | 25 | 25 | 50 |
| Total | | -- | -- | 100 | 400 | -- | 175 | 100 | 775 |

*Should be conducted batch wise and

\$ indicates workload of Learner (Not Faculty), Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four), Faculty Load: 1 hour per week per four groups

| Course Code | Course Name | Credits |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| CSC301 | Engineering Mathematics-III | 4 |

Pre-requisite: Engineering Mathematics-I, Engineering Mathematics-II

Course Objectives: The course aims:

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To learn the Laplace Transform, Inverse Laplace Transform of various functions, its applications. |
| 2 | To understand the concept of Fourier Series, its complex form and enhance the problem-solving skills. |
| 3 | To understand the concept of complex variables, C-R equations with applications. |
| 4 | To understand the basic techniques of statistics like correlation, regression, and curve fitting for data analysis, Machine learning, and AI. |
| 5 | To understand some advanced topics of probability, random variables with their distributions and expectations. |

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

| | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Understand the concept of Laplace transform and its application to solve the real integrals in engineering problems. |
| 2 | Understand the concept of inverse Laplace transform of various functions and its applications in engineering problems. |
| 3 | Expand the periodic function by using the Fourier series for real-life problems and complex engineering problems. |
| 4 | Understand complex variable theory, application of harmonic conjugate to get orthogonal trajectories and analytic functions. |
| 5 | Apply the concept of Correlation and Regression to the engineering problems in data science, machine learning, and AI. |
| 6 | Understand the concepts of probability and expectation for getting the spread of the data and distribution of probabilities. |

| Module | Detailed Contents | Hours |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Laplace Transform | 7 |
| | 1.1 Definition of Laplace transform, Condition of Existence of Laplace transform. | |
| | 1.2 Laplace Transform (L) of standard functions like e^{at} , $\sin(at)$, $\cos(at)$, $\sinh(at)$, $\cosh(at)$ and t^n , $n \geq 0$. | |
| | 1.3 Properties of Laplace Transform: Linearity, First Shifting Theorem, Second Shifting Theorem, Change of Scale, Multiplication by t , Division by t , Laplace Transform of derivatives and integrals (Properties without proof). | |
| | 1.4 Evaluation of real improper integrals by using Laplace Transformation. | |
| | 1.5 Self-learning Topics: Laplace Transform: Periodic functions, Heaviside's Unit Step function, Dirac Delta Function, Special functions (Error and Bessel) | |
| 2 | Inverse Laplace Transform | 7 |
| | 2.1 Definition of Inverse Laplace Transform, Linearity property, Inverse Laplace Transform of standard functions, Inverse Laplace transform using derivatives. | |
| | 2.2 Partial fractions method to find Inverse Laplace transform. | |
| | 2.3 Inverse Laplace transform using Convolution theorem (without proof) | |
| | 2.4 Self-learning Topics: Applications to solve initial and boundary value | |

| | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| | | problems involving ordinary differential equations. | |
| 3 | Fourier Series: | | 7 |
| | 3.1 | Dirichlet's conditions, Definition of Fourier series and Parseval's Identity (without proof). | |
| | 3.2 | Fourier series of periodic function with period 2π and $2l$. | |
| | 3.3 | Fourier series of even and odd functions. | |
| | 3.4 | Half range Sine and Cosine Series. | |
| | 3.5 | Self-learning Topics: Orthogonal and orthonormal set of functions, Complex form of Fourier Series, Fourier Transforms. | |
| 4 | Complex Variables: | | 7 |
| | 4.1 | Function $f(z)$ of complex variable, Limit, Continuity and Differentiability of $f(z)$, Analytic function: Necessary and sufficient conditions for $f(z)$ to be analytic (without proof). | |
| | 4.2 | Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian coordinates (without proof). | |
| | 4.3 | Milne-Thomson method: Determine analytic function $f(z)$ when real part (u), imaginary part (v) or its combination (u+v / u-v) is given. | |
| | 4.4 | Harmonic function, Harmonic conjugate and Orthogonal trajectories. | |
| | 4.5 | Self-learning Topics: Conformal mapping, Linear and Bilinear mappings, cross ratio, fixed points and standard transformations. | |
| 5 | Statistical Techniques | | 6 |
| | 5.1 | Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (r) | |
| | 5.2 | Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient (R) (with repeated and non-repeated ranks) | |
| | 5.3 | Lines of regression | |
| | 5.4 | Fitting of first- and second-degree curves. | |
| | 5.5 | Self-learning Topics: Covariance, fitting of exponential curve. | |
| 6 | Probability | | 6 |
| | 6.1 | Definition and basics of probability, conditional probability. | |
| | 6.2 | Total Probability theorem and Bayes' theorem. | |
| | 6.3 | Discrete and continuous random variable with probability distribution and probability density function. | |
| | 6.4 | Expectation, Variance, Moment generating function, Raw and central moments up to 4 th order. | |
| | 6.5 | Self-learning Topics: Skewness and Kurtosis of distribution (data). | |

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| References: | |
| 1 | Higher Engineering Mathematics, Dr. B. S. Grewal, Khanna Publication. |
| 2 | Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Erwin Kreyszig, Wiley Eastern Limited. |
| 3 | Advanced Engineering Mathematics, R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Narosa Publication. |
| 4 | Complex Variables and Applications, Brown and Churchill, McGraw-Hill Education. |
| 5 | Probability, Statistics and Random Processes, T. Veerarajan, McGraw-Hill Education. |
| 6 | Theory and Problems of Fourier Analysis with applications to BVP, Murray Spiegel, Schaum's Outline Series. |

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| Term Work: | |
| General Instructions: | |
| 1 | Batch wise tutorials have to be conducted. The number of students per batch will be as per University pattern for practical. |
| 2 | Students must be encouraged to write at least 6 class tutorials on the entire syllabus. |
| 3 | A group of 4-6 students should be assigned a self-learning topic. Students should prepare a presentation/problem solving of 10-15 minutes. This will be considered as a mini project in Engineering Mathematics. This project will be graded out of 10 marks depending on the performance of the students. |

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|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows: | | |
| 1 | Attendance (Theory and Tutorial) | 05 marks |
| 2 | Class Tutorials on entire syllabus | 10 marks |
| 3 | Mini project | 10 marks |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment Test:

The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1st class test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The 2nd class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 35% syllabus is completed. The duration of each test will be for one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

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|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted. |
| 3 | Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each and is compulsory. |
| 4 | Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively. |
| 5 | Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus. |
| 6 | Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as mentioned in the syllabus. |

| Course Code | Course Name | Credits |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| CSC302 | Discrete Structures and Graph Theory | 3 |

Pre-requisite: Basic Mathematics

Course Objectives: The course aims:

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|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Cultivate clear thinking and creative problem solving. |
| 2 | Thoroughly train in the construction and understanding of mathematical proofs. Exercise common mathematical arguments and proof strategies. |
| 3 | To apply graph theory in solving practical problems. |
| 4 | Thoroughly prepare for the mathematical aspects of other Computer Engineering courses |

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

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|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Understand the notion of mathematical thinking, mathematical proofs and to apply them in problem solving. |
| 2 | Ability to reason logically. |
| 3 | Ability to understand relations, functions, Diagraph and Lattice. |
| 4 | Ability to understand and apply concepts of graph theory in solving real world problems. |
| 5 | Understand use of groups and codes in Encoding-Decoding |
| 6 | Analyze a complex computing problem and apply principles of discrete mathematics to identify solutions |

| Module | Detailed Contents | Hours |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | Logic | 6 |
| | 1.1 Propositional Logic, Predicate Logic, Laws of Logic, Quantifiers, Normal Forms, Inference Theory of Predicate Calculus, Mathematical Induction. | |
| 2 | Relations and Functions | 6 |
| | 2.1 Basic concepts of Set Theory | |
| | 2.2 Relations: Definition, Types of Relations, Representation of Relations, Closures of Relations, Warshall's algorithm, Equivalence relations and Equivalence Classes | |
| | 2.3 Functions: Definition, Types of functions, Composition of functions, Identity and Inverse function | |
| 3 | Posets and Lattice | 5 |
| | 3.1 Partial Order Relations, Poset, Hasse Diagram, Chain and Anti chains, Lattice, Types of Lattice, Sub lattice | |
| 4 | Counting | 6 |
| | 4.1 Basic Counting Principle-Sum Rule, Product Rule, Inclusion-Exclusion Principle, Pigeonhole Principle | |
| | 4.2 Recurrence relations, Solving recurrence relations | |
| 5 | Algebraic Structures | 8 |
| | 5.1 Algebraic structures with one binary operation: Semi group, Monoid, Groups, Subgroups, Abelian Group, Cyclic group, Isomorphism | |
| | 5.2 Algebraic structures with two binary operations: Ring | |
| | 5.3 Coding Theory: Coding, binary information and error detection, decoding and error correction | |
| 6 | Graph Theory | 8 |
| | Types of graphs, Graph Representation, Sub graphs, Operations on Graphs, Walk, Path, Circuit, Connected Graphs, Disconnected Graph, Components, Homomorphism and Isomorphism of Graphs, Euler and Hamiltonian Graphs, Planar Graph, Cut Set, Cut Vertex, | |

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| | Applications. | |
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| Textbooks: | |
| 1 | Bernad Kolman, Robert Busby, Sharon Cutler Ross, Nadeem-ur-Rehman, “Discrete Mathematical Structures”, Pearson Education. |
| 2 | C. L. Liu “Elements of Discrete Mathematics”, second edition 1985, McGraw-Hill Book Company. Reprinted 2000. |
| 3 | K. H. Rosen, “Discrete Mathematics and applications”, fifth edition 2003, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company |
| References: | |
| 1 | Y N Singh, “Discrete Mathematical Structures”, Wiley-India. |
| 2 | J. L. Mott, A. Kandel, T. P. Baker, “Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians”, Second Edition 1986, Prentice Hall of India. |
| 3 | J. P. Trembley, R. Manohar “Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science”, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company |
| 4 | Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lars Lipson, “Discrete Mathematics” Schaum’s Outline, McGraw Hill Education. |
| 5 | Narsing Deo, “Graph Theory with applications to engineering and computer science”, PHI Publications. |
| 6 | P. K. Bisht, H. S. Dhami, “Discrete Mathematics”, Oxford press. |

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| Assessment: | |
| Internal Assessment Test: | |
| The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1 st class test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The 2 nd class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 40% syllabus is completed. The duration of each test will be for one hour. | |
| End Semester Theory Examination: | |
| 1 | The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted. |
| 3 | Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4 sub-questions of 5 marks each and is compulsory. |
| 4 | Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively. |
| 5 | Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus. |
| 6 | Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as mentioned in the syllabus. |

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| Useful Links | |
| 1 | https://www.edx.org/learn/discrete-mathematics |
| 2 | https://www.coursera.org/specializations/discrete-mathematics |
| 3 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106094/ |
| 4 | https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs67/preview |

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|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Course Code | Course Name | Credit |
| CSC303 | Data Structure | 03 |

| | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pre-requisite: C Programming | |
| Course Objectives: The course aims: | |
| 1 | To understand the need and significance of Data structures as a computer Professional. |
| 2 | To teach concept and implementation of linear and Nonlinear data structures. |
| 3 | To analyze various data structures and select the appropriate one to solve a specific real-world problem. |
| 4 | To introduce various techniques for representation of the data in the real world. |
| 5 | To teach various searching techniques. |
| Course Outcomes: | |
| 1 | Students will be able to implement Linear and Non-Linear data structures. |
| 2 | Students will be able to handle various operations like searching, insertion, deletion and traversals on various data structures. |
| 3 | Students will be able to explain various data structures, related terminologies and its types. |
| 4 | Students will be able to choose appropriate data structure and apply it to solve problems in various domains. |
| 5 | Students will be able to analyze and Implement appropriate searching techniques for a given problem. |
| 6 | Students will be able to demonstrate the ability to analyze, design, apply and use data structures to solve engineering problems and evaluate their solutions. |

| Module | Detailed Content | Hours |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Introduction to Data Structures | 2 |
| | 1.1 Introduction to Data Structures, Concept of ADT, Types of Data Structures-Linear and Nonlinear, Operations on Data Structures. | |
| 2 | Stack and Queues | 8 |
| | 2.1 Introduction, ADT of Stack, Operations on Stack, Array Implementation of Stack, Applications of Stack-Well form-ness of Parenthesis, Infix to Postfix Conversion and Postfix Evaluation, Recursion. | |
| | 2.2 Introduction, ADT of Queue, Operations on Queue, Array Implementation of Queue, Types of Queue-Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Introduction of Double Ended Queue, Applications of Queue. | |
| 3 | Linked List | 10 |
| | 3.1 Introduction, Representation of Linked List, Linked List v/s Array, Types of Linked List - Singly Linked List, Circular Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Operations on Singly Linked List and Doubly Linked List, Stack and Queue using Singly Linked List, Singly Linked List Application-Polynomial Representation and Addition. | |
| 4 | Trees | 11 |
| | 4.1 Introduction, Tree Terminologies, Binary Tree, Binary Tree Representation, Types of Binary Tree, Binary Tree Traversals, Binary Search Tree, Operations on Binary Search Tree, Applications of Binary Tree-Expression Tree, Huffman Encoding, Search Trees-AVL, rotations in AVL Tree, operations on AVL Tree, Introduction of B Tree, B+ Tree. | |
| 5 | Graphs | 4 |

| | | | |
|---|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| | 5.1 | Introduction, Graph Terminologies, Representation of Graph, Graph Traversals-Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS), Graph Application-Topological Sorting. | |
| 6 | | Searching Techniques | 4 |
| | 6.1 | Linear Search, Binary Search, Hashing-Concept, Hash Functions, Collision resolution Techniques | |

Textbooks:

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Aaron M Tenenbaum, Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J Augenstein, “Data Structures Using C”, Pearson Publication. |
| 2 | Reema Thareja, “Data Structures using C”, Oxford Press. |
| 3 | Richard F. Gilberg and Behrouz A. Forouzan, “Data Structures: A Pseudocode Approach with C”, 2 nd Edition, CENGAGE Learning. |
| 4 | Jean Paul Tremblay, P. G. Sorenson, “Introduction to Data Structure and Its Applications”, McGraw-Hill Higher Education |
| 5 | Data Structures Using C, ISRD Group, 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill. |

References:

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|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Prof. P. S. Deshpande, Prof. O. G. Kakde, “C and Data Structures”, DreamTech press. |
| 2 | E. Balagurusamy, “Data Structure Using C”, Tata McGraw-Hill Education India. |
| 3 | Rajesh K Shukla, “Data Structures using C and C++”, Wiley-India |
| 4 | GAV PAI, “Data Structures”, Schaum’s Outlines. |
| 5 | Robert Kruse, C. L. Tondo, Bruce Leung, “Data Structures and Program Design in C”, Pearson Edition |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

| | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Question paper will consist of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve a total of 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on the entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules. |

Useful Links

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ |
| 2 | https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms |
| 3 | https://www.edx.org/course/data-structures-fundamentals |
| 4 | https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs67/preview |

| Course Code | Course Name | Credit |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| CSC304 | Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture | 3 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pre-requisite: Knowledge on number systems | |
| Course Objective: | |
| 1 | To have the rough understanding of the basic structure and operation of basic digital circuits and digital computer. |
| 2 | To discuss in detail arithmetic operations in digital system. |
| 3 | To discuss generation of control signals and different ways of communication with I/O devices. |
| 4 | To study the hierarchical memory and principles of advanced computing. |
| Course Outcome: | |
| 1 | To learn different number systems and basic structure of computer system. |
| 2 | To demonstrate the arithmetic algorithms. |
| 3 | To understand the basic concepts of digital components and processor organization. |
| 4 | To understand the generation of control signals of computer. |
| 5 | To demonstrate the memory organization. |
| 6 | To describe the concepts of parallel processing and different Buses. |

| Module | Detailed Content | Hours |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Computer Fundamentals | 5 |
| | 1.1 Introduction to Number System and Codes | |
| | 1.2 Number Systems: Binary, Octal, Decimal, Hexadecimal, | |
| | 1.3 Codes: Grey, BCD, Excess-3, ASCII, Boolean Algebra. | |
| | 1.4 Logic Gates: AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, EX-OR | |
| | 1.5 Overview of computer organization and architecture. | |
| | 1.6 Basic Organization of Computer and Block Level functional Units, Von-Neumann Model. | |
| 2 | Data Representation and Arithmetic algorithms | 8 |
| | 2.1 Binary Arithmetic: Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Division using Sign Magnitude, 1's and 2's compliment, BCD and Hex Arithmetic Operation. | |
| | 2.2 Booths Multiplication Algorithm, Restoring and Non-restoring Division Algorithm. | |
| | 2.3 IEEE-754 Floating point Representation. | |
| 3 | Processor Organization and Architecture | 6 |
| | 3.1 Introduction: Half adder, Full adder, MUX, DMUX, Encoder, Decoder(IC level). | |
| | 3.2 Introduction to Flip Flop: SR, JK, D, T (Truth table). | |
| | 3.3 Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Instruction Cycle, Interpretation and sequencing. | |
| 4 | Control Unit Design | 6 |
| | 4.1 Hardwired Control Unit: State Table Method, Delay Element Methods. | |
| | 4.2 Microprogrammed Control Unit: Micro Instruction-Format, Sequencing and execution, Micro operations, Examples of microprograms. | |
| 5 | Memory Organization | 6 |
| | 5.1 Introduction and characteristics of memory, Types of RAM and ROM, Memory Hierarchy, 2-level Memory Characteristic, | |
| | 5.2 Cache Memory: Concept, locality of reference, Design problems based on | |

| | | | |
|----------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| | | mapping techniques, Cache coherence and write policies. Interleaved and Associative Memory. | |
| 6 | | Principles of Advanced Processor and Buses | 8 |
| | 6.1 | Basic Pipelined Data path and control, data dependencies, data hazards, branch hazards, delayed branch, and branch prediction, Performance measures-CPI, Speedup, Efficiency, throughput, Amdhal's law. | |
| | 6.2 | Flynn's Classification, Introduction to multicore architecture. | |
| | 6.3 | Introduction to buses: ISA, PCI, USB. Bus Contention and Arbitration. | |

Textbooks:

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronic", McGraw-Hill Publication, 4 th Edition. |
| 2 | William Stalling, "Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing and Performance", Pearson Publication 10 TH Edition. |
| 3 | John P Hayes, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw-Hill Publication, 3 RD Edition. |
| 4 | Dr. M. Usha and T. S. Shrikanth, "Computer system Architecture and Organization", Wiley publication. |

References:

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Structured Computer Organization", Pearson Publication. |
| 2 | B. Govindarajalu, "Computer Architecture and Organization", McGraw-Hill Publication. |
| 3 | Malvino, "Digital computer Electronics", McGraw-Hill Publication, 3 rd Edition. |
| 4 | Smruti Ranjan Sarangi, "Computer Organization and Architecture", McGraw-Hill Publication. |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

| | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve total 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules. |

Useful Links

| | |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-computer-organization-and-architecture-a-pedagogical-aspect-9824 |
| 2 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/ |
| 3 | https://www.coursera.org/learn/comparch |
| 4 | https://www.edx.org/learn/computer-architecture |

| Course Code | Course Name | Credits |
|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| CSC305 | Computer Graphics | 3 |

Prerequisite: Knowledge of C Programming and Basic Mathematics.

Course Objectives

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To equip students with the fundamental knowledge and basic technical competence in the field of Computer Graphics. |
| 2 | To emphasize on implementation aspect of Computer Graphics Algorithms. |
| 3 | To prepare the student for advance areas and professional avenues in the field of Computer Graphics |

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Describe the basic concepts of Computer Graphics. |
| 2 | Demonstrate various algorithms for basic graphics primitives. |
| 3 | Apply 2-D geometric transformations on graphical objects. |
| 4 | Use various Clipping algorithms on graphical objects |
| 5 | Explore 3-D geometric transformations, curve representation techniques and projections methods. |
| 6 | Explain visible surface detection techniques and Animation. |

| Module | | Detailed Content | Hours |
|----------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1 | | Introduction and Overview of Graphics System: | 02 |
| | 1.1 | Definition and Representative uses of computer graphics, Overview of coordinate system, Definition of scan conversion, rasterization and rendering. | |
| | 1.2 | Raster scan & random scan displays, Architecture of raster graphics system with display processor, Architecture of random scan systems. | |
| 2 | | Output Primitives: | 10 |
| | 2.1 | Scan conversions of point, line, circle and ellipse: DDA algorithm and Bresenham algorithm for line drawing, midpoint algorithm for circle, midpoint algorithm for ellipse drawing (Mathematical derivation for above algorithms is expected) | |
| | 2.2 | Aliasing, Antialiasing techniques like Pre and post filtering, super sampling, and pixel phasing). | |
| | 2.3 | Filled Area Primitive: Scan line Polygon Fill algorithm, inside outside tests, Boundary Fill and Flood fill algorithm. | |
| 3 | | Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations | 6 |
| | 3.1 | Basic transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation | |
| | 3.2 | Matrix representation and Homogeneous Coordinates | |
| | 3.3 | Composite transformation | |
| | 3.4 | Other transformations: Reflection and Shear | |
| 4 | | Two-Dimensional Viewing and Clipping | 7 |
| | 4.1 | Viewing transformation pipeline and Window to Viewport coordinate transformation | |
| | 4.2 | Clipping operations: Point clipping, Line clipping algorithms: Cohen-Sutherland, Liang: Barsky, Polygon Clipping Algorithms: Sutherland-Hodgeman, Weiler-Atherton. | |
| 5 | | Three Dimensional Geometric Transformations, Curves and Fractal Generation | 8 |
| | 5.1 | 3D Transformations: Translation, Rotation, Scaling and Reflection | |

| | | | |
|----------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| | 5.2 | Composite transformations: Rotation about an arbitrary axis | |
| | 5.3 | Projections – Parallel, Perspective. (Matrix Representation) | |
| | 5.4 | Bezier Curve, B-Spline Curve, Fractal-Geometry: Fractal Dimension, Koch Curve. | |
| 6 | | Visible Surface Detection and Animation | 6 |
| | 6.1 | Visible Surface Detection: Classification of Visible Surface Detection algorithm, Back Surface detection method, Depth Buffer method, Area Subdivision method | |
| | 6.2 | Animation: Introduction to Animation, Traditional Animation Techniques, Principles of Animation, Key framing: Character and Facial Animation, Deformation, Motion capture | |

Textbooks:

| | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Hearn & Baker, “Computer Graphics C version”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Publication |
| 2 | James D. Foley, Andries van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F. Hughes, “Computer Graphics Principles and Practice in C”, 2 nd Edition, Pearson Publication |
| 3 | Samit Bhattacharya, “Computer Graphics”, Oxford Publication |

References:

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | D. Rogers, “Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics”, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications. |
| 2 | Zhigang Xiang, Roy Plastock, “Computer Graphics”, Schaum’s Outlines McGraw-Hill Education |
| 3 | Rajesh K. Maurya, “Computer Graphics”, Wiley India Publication. |
| 4 | F. S. Hill, “Computer Graphics using OpenGL”, Third edition, Pearson Publications. |

Assessment:

Internal Assessment:

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first-class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

End Semester Theory Examination:

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. |
| 2 | The students need to solve total 4 questions. |
| 3 | Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus. |
| 4 | Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules |

Useful Links

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | https://www.classcentral.com/course/interactivegraphics-2067 |
| 2 | https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_ntr20_ed15/preview |
| 3 | https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/ |
| 4 | https://www.edx.org/course/computer-graphics-2 |

| | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Lab Code | Lab Name | Credit |
| CSL301 | Data Structures Lab | 1 |

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To implement basic data structures such as arrays, linked lists, stacks and queues |
| 2 | Solve problem involving graphs, and trees |
| 3 | To develop application using data structure algorithms |
| 4 | Compute the complexity of various algorithms. |

Lab Outcomes:

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Students will be able to implement linear data structures & be able to handle operations like insertion, deletion, searching and traversing on them. |
| 2 | Students will be able to implement nonlinear data structures & be able to handle operations like insertion, deletion, searching and traversing on them |
| 3 | Students will be able to choose appropriate data structure and apply it in various problems |
| 4 | Students will be able to select appropriate searching techniques for given problems. |

Suggested Experiments: Students are required to complete at least 10 experiments.

Star (*) marked experiments are compulsory.

| Sr. No. | Name of the Experiment |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1* | Implement Stack ADT using array. |
| 2* | Convert an Infix expression to Postfix expression using stack ADT. |
| 3* | Evaluate Postfix Expression using Stack ADT. |
| 4 | Applications of Stack ADT. |
| 5* | Implement Linear Queue ADT using array. |
| 6* | Implement Circular Queue ADT using array. |
| 7 | Implement Priority Queue ADT using array. |
| 8* | Implement Singly Linked List ADT. |
| 9* | Implement Circular Linked List ADT. |
| 10 | Implement Doubly Linked List ADT. |
| 11* | Implement Stack / Linear Queue ADT using Linked List. |
| 12* | Implement Binary Search Tree ADT using Linked List. |
| 13* | Implement Graph Traversal techniques: a) Depth First Search b) Breadth First Search |
| 14 | Applications of Binary Search Technique. |

Useful Links:

| | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | www.leetcode.com |
| 2 | www.hackerrank.com |
| 3 | www.cs.usfca.edu/~galles/visualization/Algorithms.html |
| 4 | www.codechef.com |

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 10 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments. |
| 3 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 4 | Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory & Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks) |

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL301 and CSC303

| Lab Code | Lab Name | Credit |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| CSL302 | Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture Lab | 1 |

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To implement operations of the arithmetic unit using algorithms. |
| 2 | Design and simulate different digital circuits. |
| 3 | To design memory subsystem including cache memory. |
| 4 | To demonstrate CPU and ALU design. |

Lab Outcomes:

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To understand the basics of digital components |
| 2 | Design the basic building blocks of a computer: ALU, registers, CPU and memory |
| 3 | To recognize the importance of digital systems in computer architecture |
| 4 | To implement various algorithms for arithmetic operations. |

List of Experiments:

| Sr. No. | Name of the Experiment |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To verify the truth table of various logic gates using ICs. |
| 2 | To realize the gates using universal gates |
| 3 | Code conversion. |
| 4 | To realize half adder and full adder. |
| 5 | To implement logic operation using MUX IC. |
| 6 | To implement logic operation decoder IC. |
| 7 | Study of flip flop IC. |
| 8 | To implement ripple carry adder. |
| 9 | To implement carry look ahead adder. |
| 10 | To implement Booth's algorithm. |
| 11 | To implement restoring division algorithm. |
| 12 | To implement non restoring division algorithm. |
| 13 | To implement ALU design. |
| 14 | To implement CPU design. |
| 15 | To implement memory design. |
| 16 | To implement cache memory design. |

Note:

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Any Four experiments from Exp. No. 1 to Exp. No. 7 using hardware. |
| 2 | Any Six experiments from Exp. No. 8 to Exp. No. 16 using Virtual Lab, expect Exp. No 10,11 and 12. |
| 3 | Exp. No. 10 to Exp. No. 12 using Programming language. |

Digital Material:

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Manual to use Virtual Lab simulator for Computer Organization and Architecture developed by the Department of CSE, IIT Kharagpur. |
| 2 | Link http://cse10-iitkgp.virtual-labs.ac.in/ |

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 10 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Digital Logic & Computer Organization and Architecture" |
| 3 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4 | Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks) |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Course Code | Lab Name | Credits |
| CSL303 | Computer Graphics Lab | 1 |

Prerequisite: C Programming Language.

Lab Objectives:

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Understand the need of developing graphics application |
| 2 | Learn algorithmic development of graphics primitives like line, circle, polygon etc. |
| 3 | Learn the representation and transformation of graphical images and pictures |

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Implement various output and filled area primitive algorithms |
| 2 | Apply transformation, projection and clipping algorithms on graphical objects. |
| 3 | Perform curve and fractal generation methods. |
| 4 | Develop a Graphical application/Animation based on learned concept |

Content:

Scan conversions: lines, circles, ellipses. Filling algorithms, clipping algorithms. 2D and 3D transformation Curves Visible surface determination. Simple animations Application of these through exercises in C/C++

List of Suggested Experiments:

| Sr. No. | Name of the Experiment |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Implement DDA Line Drawing algorithm (dotted/dashed/thick) |
| 2 | Implement Bresenham's Line algorithm(dotted/dashed/thick) |
| 3 | Implement midpoint Circle algorithm. |
| 4 | Implement midpoint Ellipse algorithm. |
| 5 | Implement Area Filling Algorithm: Boundary Fill, Flood Fill. |
| 6 | Implement Scan line Polygon Filling algorithm. |
| 7 | Implement Curve: Bezier for n control points, B Spline (Uniform)(at least one) |
| 8 | Implement Fractal generation method (anyone) |
| 9 | Character Generation: Bit Map method and Stroke Method |
| 10 | Implement 2D Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflection, Shear. |
| 11 | Implement Line Clipping Algorithm: Cohen Sutherland / Liang Barsky. |
| 12 | Implement polygon clipping algorithm (at least one) |
| 13 | Program to perform 3D transformation. |
| 14 | Perform projection of a 3D object on Projection Plane: Parallel and Perspective. |
| 15 | Perform Animation (such as Rising Sun, Moving Vehicle, Smileys, Screen saver etc.) |

Term Work:

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Term work should consist of 10 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments |
| 3 | Mini Project to perform using C /C++/Java/OpenGL/Blender/ any other tool (2/3 students per group). Possible Ideas: Animation using multiple objects, Game development, Graphics editor: Like Paint brush, Text editor etc. |
| 4 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 5 | Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 10-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 5-marks) |

Oral & Practical exam

Based on the above contents and entire syllabus of CSC305

| Lab Code | Lab Name | Credits |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| CSL304 | Skill based Lab Course: Object Oriented Programming with Java | 2 |

Prerequisite: Structured Programming Approach

Lab Objectives:

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To learn the basic concepts of object-oriented programming |
| 2 | To study JAVA programming language |
| 3 | To study various concepts of JAVA programming like multithreading, exception Handling, packages, etc. |
| 4 | To explain components of GUI based programming. |

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students should be able to

| | |
|---|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To apply fundamental programming constructs. |
| 2 | To illustrate the concept of packages, classes and objects. |
| 3 | To elaborate the concept of strings, arrays and vectors. |
| 4 | To implement the concept of inheritance and interfaces. |
| 5 | To implement the concept of exception handling and multithreading. |
| 6 | To develop GUI based application. |

| Module | | Detailed Content | Hours |
|----------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | | Introduction to Object Oriented Programming | 2 |
| | 1.1 | OOP concepts: Objects, class, Encapsulation, Abstraction, Inheritance, Polymorphism, message passing. | |
| | 1.2 | Java Virtual Machine | |
| | 1.3 | Basic programming constructs: variables, data types, operators, unsigned right shift operator, expressions, branching and looping. | |
| 2 | | Class, Object, Packages and Input/output | 6 |
| | 2.1 | Class, object, data members, member functions Constructors, types, static members and functions Method overloading Packages in java, types, user defined packages Input and output functions in Java, Buffered reader class, scanner class | |
| 3 | | Array, String and Vector | 3 |
| | 3.1 | Array, Strings, String Buffer, Vectors | |
| 4 | | Inheritance | 4 |
| | 4.1 | Types of inheritance, Method overriding, super, abstract class and abstract method, final, Multiple inheritance using interface, extends keyword | |
| 5 | | Exception handling and Multithreading | 5 |
| | 5.1 | Exception handling using try, catch, finally, throw and throws, Multiple try and catch blocks, user defined exception Thread lifecycle, thread class methods, creating threads using extends and implements keyword. | |
| 6 | | GUI programming in JAVA | 6 |
| | 6.1 | Applet and applet life cycle, creating applets, graphics class functions, parameter passing to applet, Font and color class. Event handling using event class AWT: working with windows, using AWT controls for GUI design Swing class in JAVA | |

| | | |
|--|------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | Introduction to JDBC, JDBC-ODBC connectivity, JDBC architecture. | |
|--|------------------------------------------------------------------|--|

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Textbooks: | |
| 1 | Herbert Schildt, 'JAVA: The Complete Reference', Ninth Edition, Oracle Press. |
| 2 | E. Balagurusamy, 'Programming with Java', McGraw Hill Education. |
| References: | |
| 1 | Ivor Horton, "Beginning JAVA", Wiley India. |
| 2 | Dietal and Dietal, "Java: How to Program", 8 th Edition, PHI . |
| 3 | "JAVA Programming", Black Book, Dreamtech Press. |
| 4 | "Learn to Master Java programming", Staredu solutions |
| Digital material: | |
| 1 | www.nptelvideos.in |
| 2 | www.w3schools.com |
| 3 | www.tutorialspoint.com |
| 4 | https://starcertification.org/Certifications/Certificate/securejava |

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Suggested List of Programming Assignments/laboratory Work: | |
| Sr. No. | Name of the Experiment |
| 1 | Programs on Basic programming constructs like branching and looping |
| 2 | Program on accepting input through keyboard. |
| 3 | Programs on class and objects |
| 4 | Program on method and constructor overloading. |
| 5 | Program on Packages |
| 6 | Program on 2D array, strings functions |
| 7 | Program on String Buffer and Vectors |
| 8 | Program on types of inheritance |
| 9 | Program on Multiple Inheritance |
| 10 | Program on abstract class and abstract methods. |
| 11 | Program using super and final keyword |
| 12 | Program on Exception handling |
| 13 | Program on user defined exception |
| 14 | Program on Multithreading |
| 15 | Program on Graphics class |
| 16 | Program on applet class |
| 17 | Program to create GUI application |
| 18 | Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students) |

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Term Work: | |
| 1 | Term work should consist of 15 experiments. |
| 2 | Journal must include at least 2 assignments |
| 3 | Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students) |
| 4 | The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work. |
| 5 | Total 50-Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks, Mini Project: 20-marks, MCQ as a part of lab assignments: 5-marks) |

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|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Oral & Practical exam | |
| Based on the entire syllabus of CSL 304: Skill based Lab Course: Object Oriented Programming with Java | |

| Course code | Course Name | Credits |
|-------------|----------------|---------|
| CSM301 | Mini Project A | 02 |

| Objectives | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem. |
| 2 | To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group. |
| 3 | To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt solutions to the problems. |
| 4 | To inculcate the process of self-learning and research. |
| Outcome: Learner will be able to... | |
| 1 | Identify problems based on societal /research needs. |
| 2 | Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group. |
| 3 | Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader. |
| 4 | Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/experimental/simulations. |
| 5 | Analyze the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable development. |
| 6 | Use standard norms of engineering practices |
| 7 | Excel in written and oral communication. |
| 8 | Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning. |
| 9 | Demonstrate project management principles during project work. |
| Guidelines for Mini Project | |
| 1 | Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity. |
| 2 | Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of department/internal committee of faculties. |
| 3 | Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which will cover weekly activity of mini project. |
| 4 | A logbook to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress, guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments. |
| 5 | Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus shall be on self-learning. |
| 6 | Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor. |
| 7 | Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of their domain areas and demonstrate. |
| 8 | The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard format of University of Mumbai. |
| 9 | With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 1 in semester III and IV. Similarly, Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI. |
| 10 | However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case basis. |

| Term Work | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester. | | |
| In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions. | | |
| Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below: | | Marks |
| 1 | Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook | 10 |
| 2 | Marks awarded by review committee | 10 |
| 3 | Quality of Project report | 05 |
| Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines | | |
| One-year project: | | |
| 1 | In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem • Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem. | |
| 2 | In second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted. • Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester. | |
| Half-year project: | | |
| 1 | In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identification of need/problem • Proposed final solution • Procurement of components/systems • Building prototype and testing | |
| 2 | Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution • Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution. | |
| Assessment criteria of Mini Project. | | |
| Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria; | | |
| 1 | Quality of survey/ need identification | |
| 2 | Clarity of Problem definition based on need. | |
| 3 | Innovativeness in solutions | |
| 4 | Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution | |
| 5 | Cost effectiveness | |
| 6 | Societal impact | |
| 7 | Innovativeness | |
| 8 | Cost effectiveness and Societal impact | |
| 9 | Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements | |

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10 | Effective use of skill sets |
| 11 | Effective use of standard engineering norms |
| 12 | Contribution of an individual's as member or leader |
| 13 | Clarity in written and oral communication |
| | In one year, project , first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project. |
| | In case of half year project all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project. |
| Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination: | |
| 1 | Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai. |
| 2 | Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution. |
| 3 | Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions. |
| Mini Project shall be assessed based on following points; | |
| 1 | Quality of problem and Clarity |
| 2 | Innovativeness in solutions |
| 3 | Cost effectiveness and Societal impact |
| 4 | Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements |
| 5 | Effective use of skill sets |
| 6 | Effective use of standard engineering norms |
| 7 | Contribution of an individual's as member or leader |
| 8 | Clarity in written and oral communication |