Program: BE Biotechnology Engineering
Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016
Examination: Second Year Semester IV
Course Code: BTC402 and Course Name: Molecular Genetics
Time: 1 hour
Max. Marks: 50
=============================================================================12

| Q. 1 | This force can stabilize a DNA double-helix |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | Hydrophilic sugar-phosphate groups are found on the exterior of the helix where interaction with water occurs |
| Option B: | Hydrophobic bases are present in the interior of the helix, each base-pair is stabilized by the same number of hydrogen bonds |
| Option C: | covalent base stacking interactions may take place between neighboring bases within the same strand in the helix |
| Option D: | non-covalent N -glycosidic bonds may form between nitrogenous bases in opposite strands in the helix |
| Q. 2 | If you suddenly observe linkage between two genes that are present in two chromosomes, this can be due to $\qquad$ |
| Option A: | Coupling |
| Option B: | Translocation |
| Option C: | Inversion |
| Option D: | Non-homologous end joining |
|  |  |
| Q. 3 | Fluorescent signal strength depends on |
| Option A: | Probe labelling efficiency |
| Option B: | Nick translation |
| Option C: | Repeats of DNA |
| Option D: | Intermediate RNA-DNA hybrids |
| Q. 4 | DNA helicase enzyme involved in base excision repair is |
| Option A: | DNA helicase I |
| Option B: | DNA helicase II |
| Option C: | DNA helicase III |
| Option D: | DNA helicase IV |
| Q. 5 | 705 prokaryotic ribosome is the complex of |
| Option A: | 30S + 50S |
| Option B: | 30S + 40S |
| Option C: | 20S + 60S |
| Option D: | 20S + 30S |
|  |  |
| Q. 6 | The wobble hypothesis was devised by |


| Option A: | Arthur Kornberg |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option B: | Francis Crick |
| Option C: | James Watson |
| Option D: | William Asbury |
| Q. 7 | Lac Operon will be turned on when |
| Option A: | Lactose is less than glucose |
| Option B: | Lactose is less in the medium |
| Option C: | Lactose is more than glucose |
| Option D: | Glucose is enough in the medium |
| Q. 8 | DNA replication in the two strands proceed in opposite direction as they are aligned oppositely with respect to $3^{\prime}$ and $5^{\prime}$ ends $\left(\begin{array}{l} 5^{\prime}-----------3^{\prime} \\ \left.3^{\prime}----------5^{\prime}\right) . \end{array}\right.$ <br> In this context which of the following is true. |
| Option A: | The two arms of the DNA Pol are exactly same with same orientation |
| Option B: | The two arms of the DNA Pol are exactly same with opposite orientation |
| Option C: | The two arms of the DNA Pol have different catalytic mechanism i.e. one polymerizes $3^{\prime}$-> 5' other $5^{\prime}$-> $3^{\prime}$ |
| Option D: | The two arms are isomers i.e. they have different arrangement of the subunits. |
| Q. 9 | Individuals with Turner's syndrome inherit what chromosomes? |
| Option A: | XX |
| Option B: | XO |
| Option C: | XXY |
| Option D: | XXX |
| Q. 10 | Capping of RNA is necessary as |
| Option A: | It helps us distinguish 5' from 3' end |
| Option B: | It has a rolling action and condenses the transcript as it is produced |
| Option C: | To protect the transcript from exonuclease |
| Option D: | To prevent the transcript from sticking to DNA |
| Q. 11 | The enzyme involved in amino acid activation |
| Option A: | ATP synthetase |
| Option B: | Aminoacyl tRNA synthetase |
| Option C: | Aminoacyl mRNA synthetase |
| Option D: | Aminoacyl rRNA synthetase |
| Q. 12 | How many prokaryotic DNA polymerases have 5'->3' proofreading activity? |
| Option A: | 1 l |
| Option B: | 2 |
| Option C: | 3 |
| Option D: | 4 |
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| Q.13 | Mark the INCORRECT statement about minisatellites. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option A: | Tandemly repeated DNA |
| Option B: | Form clusters up to 20kb in length |
| Option C: | Shorter clusters |
| Option D: | Found in the centromere region |
|  |  |
| Q.14 | Color of the skin in humans is regulated by |
| Option A: | polygenic effect |
| Option B: | lethal genes |
| Option C: | multiple genes |
| Option D: | incomplete dominance |
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| Q.15 | The number of chromosomes a child with Down syndrome has is |
| Option A: | 45 |
| Option B: | 46 |
| Option C: | 47 |
| Option D: | 48 |
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| Q.16 | Cyclin-CDK complex (here considering S cyclin) when active is responsible for <br> phosphorylating several proteins and this often marks then for destruction by <br> ubiquitination. What would be its effect on Cdt activity? |
| Q.20 | The catalytic unit of RNA polymerases when placed properly during initiation is <br> just over <br> Option A: |
| Activation |  |
| Option B: | Inactivation |
| Option C: | Destruction |
|  | Increased synthesis |
| Q.17 |  |
| Option A: | The eukaryotic initiation codon recognizes |
| Option B: | Met-tRNA-f-Met |
| Option C: | f-Met-tRNAi-Met |
| Option D: | f-Met-tRNA-Met |
|  |  |
| Q.18 | Which of these properties do not agree with trp operon attenuator? |
| Option A: | It brings about repression of trp operon |
| Option B: | It consists of one stem loop system |
| Option C: | It has two codons for tryptophan in sequence |
| Option D: | Ribosome stalls at the attenuator |
|  |  |
| Q.19 | Lack of independent assortment of two genes is due to |
| Option A: | recombination |
| Option B: | crossing over |
| Option C: | linkage |


| Option A: | -1 site |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option B: | 0 site |
| Option C: | +1 site |
| Option D: | -10 sites |
|  |  |
| Q.21 | A Lac repressor is a tetramer repressed when bound to the inducer. The trp <br> repressor is a |
| Option A: | Dimer inactivated when bound to the inducer |
| Option B: | Dimer activated on inducer binding |
| Option C: | Tetramer inactivated on inducer binding |
| Option D: | Tetramer activated on inducer binding |
|  |  |
| Q.22 | What is the final factor in eukaryotes that releases the peptide and ribosome? |
| Option A: | eRRF |
| Option B: | EF2 |
| Option C: | RF3 |
| Option D: | RF4 |
|  |  |
| Q.23 | In an experiment you use RNA polymerase without its sigma factor for <br> transcription. What will be the result that you observe? |
| Option A: | More transcription |
| Option B: | Less transcription |
| Option C: | More specific transcription |
| Option D: | More random transcription |
|  |  |
| Q.24 | After cross-fertilization of true-breeding tall and dwarf plants, the $F_{1}$ generation <br> was self-fertilized. The resultant plants have genotype in the ratio |
| Option A: | $1: 2: 1$ (homozygous tall: heterozygous tall: dwarf) |
| Option B: | $1: 2: 1$ (heterozygous tall: homozygous tall: dwarf) |
| Option C: | $3: 1$ (tall: dwarf) |
| Option D: | $3: 1$ (dwarf: tall) |
|  |  |
| Q.25 | Which of the following equation shows DNA renaturation reaction? |
| Option A: | Sec 60 |
| Option B: | Cot $1 / 2$ |
| Option C: | Tan 30 |
| Option D: | Cot 40 |

